dFOXO ChIP-on-chip protocol

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Day One

Crosslinking

- 1. Collect flies (15-day-old), about 200 mg per genotype, keep on ice for few minutes.
- 2. Grind flies in liquid nitrogen into powder with mortar and pestle.
- 3. Transfer the powder into a 15 ml Dounce homogenizer containing 5 ml 1x PBS and 135 ul 37 % formaldehyde (Fisher T-11730, final conc. is 1%). Turn on the time, set up as 20 min. Then homogenize the powder with ~20 strokes, about 5 min.
- 4. Transfer the homogenate into a 15 ml falcon tube. Rotate at RT for 15 min (total crosslinking time is 20 min). In the mean time, wash the mortar and Dounce homogenizer and homogenizer another sample.
- 5. Add 300 ul 2.5 M glycine (final conc. is 125 mM) to quench the formaldehyde and stop the crosslinking. Rotate at RT for 5 min.
- 6. Spin 1500 x g for 5 min at 4 $^{\circ}$ C. Dump the supernatant into a proper waster tank, not into the sink.
- 7. Wash the pellet three times with 5 ml 1x PBS with protease inhibitor (Sigma #P8340, 1000x dilution). After each wash, spin 1500 x g for 5 min at $4 \, ^{\circ}$ C.
- 8. Wash the pellet once with 5ml of basic lysis buffer with protease inhibitor, 0.1% of Na-deoxycholate and 1% of Triton-X100.
- 9. Spin 1500 x g for 5 min at 4 $^{\circ}$ C. Add 1 ml basic lysis buffer with protease inhibitor, 0.1% of Na-deoxycholate and 0.2% of sarkosyl (Fluka 10%).
- 10. Keep on ice for 10 min (rotate or not).

Sonication

- 1. Sonicate sample (in a 15 ml falcon tube) using Branson 450 sonicator (Power Set 4, duty cycle 100%, 4-6 times, 30 sec each with 1 min interval). During the sonication, keep falcon tube in a 50 ml beaker filled with ice.
- 2. Transfer the sonicated lysate to a 1.5 ml tube. Add 100 ul Triton-X100 (final conc. is 1%). Spin 16,000 x g for 15 min at 4 $^{\circ}$ C.
- 3. Transfer the supernatant (chromatin extracts) to a new 1.7ml prelubricated tube (Corning Costar #3207). Take 50 ul out to check the size and conc. of chromatin DNA. Keep the rest of the extracts at 4° C if want to continue the immunoprecipitation on the same day, or at -80° C for long-term storage.

Check chromatin size and conc.

- 1. Dilute 50 ul chromatin extracts with 50 ul TE buffer. Add 4 ul of 5 M NaCl and 1 ul of 10 mg/ml Proteinase K (Invitrogen #25530-015) (use a PCR tube).
- 2. Incubate at 65 °C for at lease 4 hr (using PCR machine) to reverse crosslink.

- 3. Add 2 ul of 10 mg/ml RNase A (Sigma #R6513), incubate at 37 °C for 30min-1hr.
- 4. Purify DNA using Qiagen PCR purification column (or Minelute column). Use 20 ul EB to elute DNA. Measure conc. using Nanodrop or Invitrogen Qubit™ Fluorometer. Load the rest of DNA into the 1 % agarose gel. The chromatin should be a smear around 500 bp (using the loading dye containing only xylene blue).

Immunoprecipitation (keep everything cold from now)

- 1. Transfer 300-500 ul chromatin extracts to a 1.7ml prelubricated tube with 500-700 ul basic lysis buffer with 1%Triton-X100 and protease inhibitor. (Total 1 ml, sarkosyl final conc. is 0.1% or less).
- 2. Add 25 ul Dynal protean A beads (Invitrogen #100.02D) to a 1.7ml prelubricated tube. Collect beads using a magnetic rack and remove the bead buffer. Add 500 ul block solution (1 xPBS, 0.5% BSA, IgG-free BSA from Jackson ImmunoResearch #001-000-161). to block the beads. Rotate at 4 °C for 10 min.
- 3. Remove the block solution and transfer 1 ml chromatin extracts to the beads.
- 4. Rotate for 1 hr at 4 °C to get rid of non-specific binding (pre-clear).
- 5. Collect the chromatin extracts using a magnetic rack. Transfer pre-clear chromatin extracts to a new 1.7ml prelubricated tube.
- 6. Save 50 ul as input DNA.
- 7. Add 3 ul Heather's anti-dFOXO antibody or 5 ul Rondi's purified anti-dFOXO antibody (#9172) to pre-clear chromatin extracts. Rotate at $4 \, ^{\circ}$ C O/N.

Day Two

Bead blocking

- 1. After remove bead buffer, transfer 100 ul Dynal protean A beads to a new 1.7ml prelubricated tube with 1 ml block solution. Rotate for 1 hr at 4 $^{\circ}$ C.
- 2. Collect beads using a magnetic rack. Remove the old block solution and add 1 ml fresh block solution. Rotate for 1 min at 4 $^{\circ}$ C. Repeat two more times. Each time gently resuspend beads by inverting the tube.

Binding and washing

- 1. Transfer chromatin antibody mix to above blocked Dynal beads. Rotate for 2-4 hr at $4\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$
- 2. Collect beads using a magnetic rack.
- 3. Add 1 ml ice-cold wash buffer (as Richard A Young's protocol) to the tube and gently resuspend beads. Rotate for 1 min at 4 $^{\circ}$ C. Repeat four more times.
- 4. Wash once with 1 ml ice-cold TE buffer with 10 ul 5 M NaCl (final conc. 50 mM).
- 5. Spin at 960 x g for 3 min at 4 °C and remove any residual TE buffer.

Elution

1. Add 220 ul of elution buffer (as Richard A Young's protocol) to the beads and incubate at 65 °C water bath for 15-30 min. Vortex briefly every 2 min.

- 2. Spin at 16,000 x g for 1 min at RT
- 3. Transfer 220 ul supernatant to a new tube. Save 20 ul to check the protein pull-down using western blotting (Only for the first time...)

Reverse crosslink

1. Reverse crosslink 200 ul immunoprecipitation DNA and 20 ul input DNA by incubating at 65 °C for 6-15 hr (in an oven, Hybridiser or PCR machine). Longer than 18 hr will result in increased noise in the microarray analysis.

Day Three

Purification of DNA

- 1. Add 200 ul TE buffer to dilute detergent.
- 2. Add 8 ul of 10 mg/ml RNase A. Incubate at 37°C for 1hr.
- 3. Add 8 ul of 10 mg/ml Proteinase K. Incubate at 55 °C for 2hr.
- 4. Add 400 ul phenol:chloroform:isoamyl alcohol (Acros #327115000). Vortex. Transfer 400 ul aqueous layer to a new tube (or use heavy phase lock gel tube, 5 PRIME #2302810) containing 16 ul 5 M NaCl and 3 ul 10 mg/ml glycogen.
- 5. Add add 800 ul EtOH. Incubate for 20 min at -80 $^{\circ}$ C.
- 6. Spin at 16,000 x g for 15 min at 4 $^{\circ}$ C.
- 7. Wash the pellet with 75 % EtOH once and air dry. Resuspend the pellet in 50-100 ul Qiagen EB buffer.
- 8. It may be possible to measure DNA conc. using Invitrogen Qubit™ Fluorometer. Dilute half of input DNA to 0.5 ng/ul.

qPCR validation

1-2 ul DNA 1 ul 10uM Primer mix (amplifying 80-100 bp DNA fragment) 10 ul SYBR master mix 7-8 ul dH2O 20 ul in total

Program in ABI 7300

	Cycle	Temp	Time
Step 1	1	50 °C	2 min
Step 2	1	95 °C	3 min
Step 3	40	95 °C 60 °C	15 sec 30 sec
Step 4	1	Dissociation step	

For each DNA and primer set, set up replicate wells

For each DNA, test primers for the target gene promoter (e.g. 4E-BP) and Actin5C coding sequence (negative control).

Calculate the binding ratio of ChIP DNA vs. Input DNA for each specific genome region. Formular: $2^-[\Delta t(ChIP DNA) - \Delta t(Input DNA)]$

Buffer receipt:

Basic lysis buffer:

NaCl 140 mM HEPES pH7.6 15 mM EDTA 1 mM EGTA 0.5 mM

Wash buffer (keep cold, fresh prepared):

HEPES buffer 50 mM (Invitrogen #15630-106)

LiCl 500mM EDTA 1mM NP-40 1% Na-Deoxycholate 0.7%

Elution buffer:

Tris-HCl pH 8.0 50mM EDTA 1mM SDS 1%

TE buffer:

Tris-HCl pH 8.0 10mM EDTA 1mM